# atibt LA RÉFÉRENCE EN MATIÈRE DE BOIS TROPICAL

Forest Legality in the Congo Basin: Shifting Dynamics in the Private Sector

# A changing forestry sector

**Caroline** Duhesme Forest Legality Week 2018 - WRI October 23-25, 2018 | Washington, D.C.







Les FLEGT et REDD+ sont financés par :





Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'alimentation . et l'agriculture

# **ATIBT - International Tropical Timber Technical** Association

### More than 60 years of experience

- Founded in 1951 by FAO and OCDE
- International association, dedicated to the protection of tropical wood ressources
- Key partner for industry professionals and animator of tropical wood sector
- leading technical and scientific authority in terms of tropical timber resources
- **Representation of timber industry engaged** in sustainable forest management

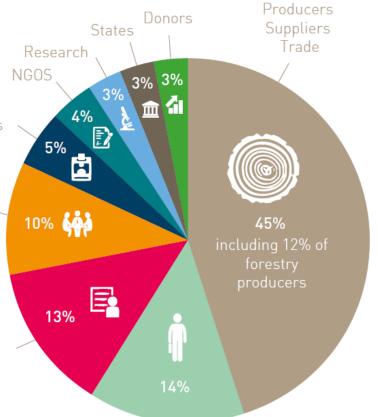
Promotion of a sustainable, ethical and legal of tropical wood sector

Honorary members

Associations & Unions

> Consultancy firms





Individuals members

### 130 members

# The Congo Basin forests

### 2<sup>nd</sup> world tropical humid forest basin

- 200 millions of hectares
- 6 countries:
  - Cameroon,
  - Central Africa Republic,
  - Republic of Congo,
  - Democratic Republic of Congo,
  - Gabon,

Amphibiens / Amphibians

spèces > 1033

- Equatorial Guinea
- Host 30 millions of people
- An amazing biodiversity

Oiseaux/Birds

espèces > 2433

Papillons

Butterflies

Reptiles

espèces > 802

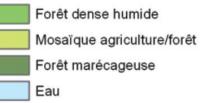
Mammifères

espèces > 1381

Mamals



Source: WRI



Source: OFAC

Poissons/Fishs

# Forest management and wood sector in the Congo Basin

### Some data

- **30 %** of Congo Basin forests are **exploited** for trade
- Logging species : Okoume, Sapelli, Ayous, Okan, Tali, Azobe, Padouk, Sipo, Iroko, Kosipo, Wenge, Frake, Bosse...
- Management under logging concessions
  - Forest belong to States
  - Convention with logging operators (20-30 years) •
  - Conception and validation of management plan •
- > 24 millions of ha under management = half of attributed forest areas (OFAC - 2016)
- > 16 millions of m<sup>3</sup> round wood /year
- **Operators mainly vertically integrated** (logging + processing)





# **Initiatives toward legality** and sustainable management

### **VPA/FLEGT** initiative and private certifications

 $\rightarrow$  Approach aiming to make importers and clients confident about wood harvesting and logging conditions

- **VPA/FLEGT** (country level)
  - 3 countries engaged with the EU since 2009: Cameroon, R. of Congo, CAR
  - 2 countries in negotiation: Gabon, DRC •
  - Implementation of timber legality assurance system (TLAS)  $\bullet$
  - Better knowledge of legality and multiparty process...  $\bullet$

- **Private certification** (company level)
  - > 8 millions ha of certified areas (FSC, PAFC, OLB, FLV)
  - Compliance evaluation of legal, environmental and social requirements  $\bullet$
  - Improved practises... ullet

...but stagnation in the last few years



### ...but still no FLEGT licence

# **Recent highlights**

### The European tropical timber industry in Central Africa in crisis?

- European certified historical companies in difficulty
  - Bankruptcy of Rougier
  - suspension of forestry activities at Wijma Cameroon
- The rise of Asian operators in the forest industry
  - Transfer of concessions to Chinese companies (Wijma, Cora Wood)
  - Increase in asset sales to Asian players
- **Decrease in the profitability** of natural forest exploitation
  - End of the first harvesting cycle, low volumes in second harvesting cycle
  - Issues around availability of volumes and demand on consumer market of LKTS •



# **Recent highlights**

### The fate of forests in the hands of Asian investors?

Asian companies present since the 90s 

### **Profile:**

- Significant capital
  - Chinese companies: state-owned (more image-sensitive) or private
- Different market requirements
- low compliance with regulations
- Not very sensitive/concerned by certification (only 2 certified companies)
- Several subsidiaries of large agricultural conglomerates: worry of a Southeast Asian scenario?
  - Investment in the forest: "first step" to access agricultural concessions?



Source : A. Karsenty, 2018

### Facts in a general trend

A changing sector since the last 3 decades

- Various forest management **policy choices**
- Exponential growth of pressure on forests (Asian and national market, agro industry, mining, hydrocarbons, infrastructures, etc.)
- Risk on sustainability of the economic model of certified concessions
- forest **governance** / weak enforcement of regulations
- A forest sector that is **not** a **political priority**
- The **image issues** of the African tropical timber sector
- Taxation and administrative procedures burden
- Unfair competition with the informal sector



Improve knowledge of the forest-wood sector

- Realize an state of play of forest private sector
  - State of play and mapping of actors in 5 countries *project FLEGT IP*
  - Market Analysis (Asian and Domestic)
- Getting closer to Asian operators
  - $\rightarrow$  convergence towards a global management standard
  - Inter-union initiatives (*ex. UFIGA in Gabon*)
  - Raising awareness adapted to Asian operators: *projects FLEGT IP PPECF*
  - International events Africa-Asia Next ATIBT forum 2019 in China



Improve forest responsible management, governance and enforcement

- Development of private certifications
  - Coaching of companies to certification projects FLEGT IP / PPECF
  - Advocacy for certification recognition in VPAs
  - ATIBT certification commission
  - Support regulatory measures in favor of certification
- Support FLEGT VPAs by involving the private sector
  - Strengthen consultation in the elaboration and revision of regulatory texts projects FLEGT IP / FAO in Congo
- Support administrative optimization projects and initiatives





### Give value to the forest

- **Integrate private sector** support into donor strategies
- Sustaining the certified forest concession business model
  - Support change: Think Tank PPECF-ATIBT: Special Action Plan Supporting Certification 2018-2019
- Enhance the services provided by foresters (payment for environmental services – PES)
- Explore planting opportunities and agro-forestry projects
  - Support of cocoa projects under forest shade project FLEGT-REDD+



Secure forests and facilitate activities

- Define land-use plans in producing countries
  - Advocacy with the states (ex. private sector intervention at the Forum on Forest Governance, and the CBFP)
- Define incentive mechanisms (taxation, financing)
- Support for infrastructure development facilitating logistics







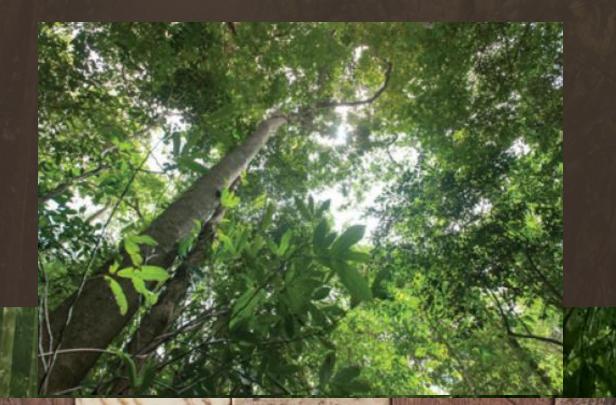
Improve the image of tropical timber and access to information

- **Communication** on positive impacts of legal/sustainable forest management
  - Marketing strategy for certified products in consumer markets *development* of Fair&Precious brand - ATIBT/AFD/PPECF
  - Strengthen the communication of national professional associations communication plan development – ATIBT/PPECF)
- Raise awareness of tropical timber buyers
  - Harmonization of the application of the EUTR, Lacey Act *EU awareness* campaign, study tours - project FLEGT REDD)
  - Provision of information on legality (*ex. platform like TTP, OTP/WRI, Nepcon*).



**Towards a new forest resource management** 

- Improve knowledge of forest resources
  - Understanding forest dynamics to improve management plans (*ex. projects* Dynafor and P3FAC ATIBT/AFD/FFEM)
- **Diversify** the use of the resource
  - Promotion of LKTS (*ex. project LKTS ATIBT/PPECF*)







# THANK YOU



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